Definition 30 Del. C., Ch. 27
A manufacturer is every person engaged in the business of manufacturing products in whole or in part within this State. ‘Manufacturing’ includes any processing, working, development, change, conditioning or reconditioning of raw materials or products into products of a different character, either finished or unfinished or effecting any combination or composition of materials the inherent nature of which is changed. ‘Product’ includes goods, materials, wares, merchandise, machinery, vehicles, solids, liquids, or gases and any object or thing which is produced as a part of a manufacturing process. The manufacturing gross receipts tax is based on the total receipts received for goods manufactured in this State regardless of the location of the purchaser. If a product is partly manufactured in Delaware and partly manufactured outside of this State, the gross receipts subject to tax is based on the proportion of manufacturing costs in Delaware to the total costs of manufacturing multiplied by the total gross received on the sale of the manufactured product. Manufacturers are also subject to licensing as wholesalers or retailers and to the respective gross receipts tax.

Gross Receipts
Gross receipts includes total consideration received by a manufacturer for all goods sold or services rendered within the State. Consideration for goods sold or services rendered includes cash, checks, credit cards, gift certificates, travelers checks, money orders, barter, trade-ins, manufacturer's coupons and rebates and any other consideration of any kind.

Gross Receipts Do Not Include:
- Receipts received from the production or manufacture of steam, gas or electric. Note: Sales of these products are subject a special production tax. See Steam, Gas and Electric
- Production of usual farm products for home consumption or market purposes
- Returned merchandise or like kind exchanges
- Sales of handmade, painted art objects or craft objects by the individual artist or craftperson

Gross Receipts May Not be Reduced By:
- Cost of property sold
- Cost of material and/or labor
- Interest, discount or delivery costs
- State or Federal taxes

License and Gross Receipts Requirements
A manufacturer is required to obtain a business license -- $75 for each location -- which must be renewed annually on or before December 31st of each year. Additionally, every manufacturer must pay a gross receipts tax at the rate of .001886 for taxable gross receipts received from selling tangible personal property. The first $1,250,000 of gross receipts received per month ($3,750,000 quarterly) are exempt from the gross receipts tax. Gross Receipt taxes should be filed on-line or with a paper form. Both can be accessed from our website at www.revenue.delaware.gov. To register with the Division of Revenue and obtain a business license, complete a Combined Registration Application, available on the Internet and mail to the Division of Revenue with the appropriate fee or you can file on-line at our OneStop site using the link above.

Tax Rates, Exclusions and Due Dates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Tax Rate</th>
<th>Monthly Exclusion</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer</td>
<td>.001260</td>
<td>$1,250,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sample Calculation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total Gross Receipts</td>
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<td>Less Exclusion</td>
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<tr>
<td>Taxable Gross Receipts</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Rate</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Due</td>
<td>$ 2,457</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Note: Delaware requires that tax due be rounded-off to the nearest dollar amount.)

Due Dates of Returns
New licensees will file on a quarterly basis through their first calendar year. The Division of Revenue will then perform a 'lookback' procedure and determine if the filing frequency should be changed.
Monthly Filers  20th day of the following month  
Quarterly Filers  last day of the first month after the end of the calendar quarter

**Gross Receipts Tax Exemption**

Gross receipts (and for purposes of the tax imposed by Chapter 43, Title 30 of the Delaware Code “rent” and “lease rental payments”) from transactions between related entities are not subject to gross receipts tax. For this purpose, entities are “related” only if (i) the same five or fewer natural individuals own, directly, indirectly or beneficially, 80% or more of each entity, or (ii) 100% of each entity is owned by member or members of a single family. See Section 2210(b) of Title 30 of the Delaware Code for further details, including the definition of family member for purposes of this exclusion.

**Common Ownership/Direction**

A business that operates through more than one branch or legal entity is only entitled to one monthly or quarterly exclusion from gross receipts, if the branches or entities making up the enterprise have common ownership or common direction and control.

**Caution Concerning Multiple Exclusions**

Nearly all licensees are permitted to reduce their monthly or quarterly gross receipts by certain specific exclusions in determining their taxable gross receipts. The Delaware Code limits the number of allowable exclusions for each general business activity. A taxpayer conducting a business activity for which an exclusion is provided is entitled to ONLY ONE monthly or quarterly exclusion regardless of the number of locations at which such activity is conducted. For example, a taxpayer who operates multiple convenience stores at which gasoline is also sold should aggregate the receipts from all goods sold at all locations and subtract only one monthly exclusion. Separate retail licenses are not required for the sale of food and petroleum products. While the Division of Revenue may assign a unique business code which reflects the primary product sold, retailers, wholesalers and manufacturers may sell or manufacture multiple product lines without obtaining a separate license for each product line. However, separate licenses are required and separate exclusions are permitted if a taxpayer conducts more than one ACTIVITY, such as manufacturing and wholesaling. Please note that all Delaware manufacturers are also subject to the gross receipts tax as a Wholesaler or Retailer on sales to Delaware customers. Taxpayers who may have obtained separate licenses for each product line sold or manufactured should only renew ONE retailer’s, wholesaler’s or manufacturer’s license for each place of business.

**Regulatory and Local Requirements**

The Business License issued by the Division of Revenue is not a regulatory license and the issuance of such license does not attest to the qualifications of the applicant to perform the activity described on such license. Many local jurisdictions have requirements for a business license and may have restrictions concerning the locations of conducting the referenced business activity. Please check with the local government office in the town, city or county in which you will conduct your business.

The State of Delaware also has a Division of Professional Regulations. Many occupations and some types of equipment have regulatory requirements. Please contact the Division of Professional Regulation for more information.

**General**

If you have any questions, please contact one of the following offices:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wilmington</th>
<th>Dover</th>
<th>Georgetown</th>
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</thead>
</table>
| Division of Revenue  
Carvel State Office Building  
820 North French Street  
Wilmington DE 19801 | Division of Revenue  
Thomas Collins Building  
540 South DuPont Highway  
Suite 2  
Dover DE 19901 | Division of Revenue  
20653 Dupont Blvd Ste 2  
Georgetown DE 19947 |
| (302) 577-8205 | (302) 744-1085 | (302) 856-5358 |

or by e-mail at: rev_busaudit@delaware.gov or 302-577-8662

File Gross Receipts On-line:  
[www.grossreceiptsfiling.delaware.gov](http://www.grossreceiptsfiling.delaware.gov)
Print an Interactive Gross Receipts Coupon:
http://www.revenue.delaware.gov/services/Business_Tax/Forms_New.shtml#gr